

Sitecore CMS 6.3 to 6.6 and SIP 3.2 SharePoint Integration Framework Developers Cookbook

A Guide to Integrating Sitecore and SharePoint



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Chapter 1

Introduction

The SharePoint Integration Framework enables you to display SharePoint lists in real time on a Sitecore website or Intranet. It includes 'out of the box' customizable sample controls for page level integration and a SharePoint Integration wizard for item level integration. Choose one of these approaches to integrate SharePoint content with Sitecore.

The Integration Framework also includes an API for developers who want to customize the framework. Depending on your business requirements, choose the approach that best suits your needs.

This cookbook is for Sitecore partners and developers and includes useful tips for developers with examples.

This document contains the following chapters:

• Chapter 1 — Introduction

This introduction contains a description of the content, aims, and the intended audience of this cookbook.

Chapter 2 — The SharePoint Integration Framework

This chapter provides an overview of the SharePoint Integration Framework architecture and main component parts.

• Chapter 3 — Security and Authentication

This chapter gives step by step instructions on how to configure Sitecore and SharePoint to use the Sharepoint Integration Framework for the first time.

Chapter 4 — Page Level Integration

This chapter explains how to use the sample controls included in the SharePoint Integration Framework to integrate SharePoint and Sitecore content in real time.

• Chapter 5 — Item Level Integration

This chapter explains how to use the SharePoint Integration wizard to integrate SharePoint items with Sitecore content items.

• Chapter 6 — Integration Scenarios

This chapter includes several fictitious scenarios to demonstrate how to implement page or item level integration in a typical business context. Each walkthrough includes step by step instructions to guide you through the integration process.



Chapter 2

The SharePoint Integration Framework

This section is an introduction to the basic concepts and components used in the SharePoint Integration Framework.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Overview
- Architecture



2.1 Overview

The SharePoint Integration Framework provides Sitecore developers with a flexible and customizable development framework to integrate SharePoint and Sitecore content.

The framework offers you three possible approaches to integration:

- Page level integration
- Item level integration
- API integration

Page Level Integration

Use renderings and sublayouts to integrate SharePoint content in real time. The sample controls in the SharePoint Integration Framework are examples that you can customize:

- SharePoint List
- SharePoint Announcements
- SharePoint Tasks
- SharePoint Search
- SharePoint Web Menu (SIP only)
- Web Part Announcements (SIP only)

For more information about each control, see Chapter 4: Page Level Integration

Item Level Integration

Use the SharePoint Integration wizard to:

- Create Sitecore content items bound to SharePoint list items.
- Create field mappings and configure options, such as bidirectional integration and scheduled BLOB transfer.
- Integrate items in real time or set an interval between updates.

For more information about Item Level Integration, see Chapter 5: Item Level Integration

API Integration

The API contains the following class groupings:

- Object Model
 - i) SharePoint objects
 - ii) Connector (SharePoint web service wrappers)
- Integration Providers
 - i) SharePoint Item Provider
 - ii) SharePoint Provider
- Integration Pipelines

For more information about the API, see the SPIF API Reference document.

Some developer options using the SharePoint Integration Framework:

• Use or customize the sample controls to display your own SharePoint lists.



- Create your own controls to display standard or custom SharePoint list items.
- Use the Item Provider class to represent SharePoint lists as Sitecore content items.
- Use pipelines to customize item level integration.
- Integrate with custom SharePoint list types.
- Extend the framework using SharePoint Web services.

Note

In this document, the term *connector* refers to the *Sitecore.Sharepoint.ObjectModel.Connectors* class used by the integration module to connect to SharePoint Web services. You should not confuse this with the Sitecore *SharePoint Connector* module which was an earlier way of integrating with SharePoint.



2.2 Architecture

The SharePoint Integration Framework enables you to create a real-time connection between Sitecore and SharePoint. Integrate Sitecore content items and SharePoint lists using the Sitecore Integration Object Model.

There are two typical integration scenarios:

Real time integration of Sitecore Intranet Portal (SIP) and SharePoint on a corporate network.
Display SharePoint lists such as announcements and document libraries in real time.
Authenticated users can continue to work directly with SharePoint data but from a Sitecore Intranet site.

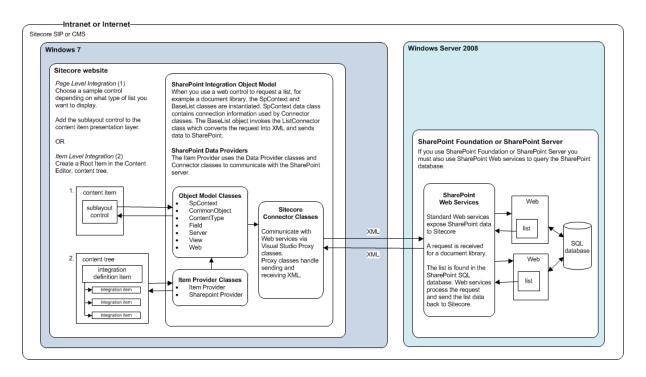
Recommended approach: page level integration

 Integrate Sitecore CMS and SharePoint on a corporate extranet. Create Sitecore items bound to SharePoint list items in real time or specify how often items are updated. Use Sitecore functionality such as publishing and workflow.

Recommended approach: item level integration

The following diagram gives a simple overview of SharePoint Integration, showing how the Integration Object Model interacts with SharePoint Web services using XML to transfer data.

SharePoint Integration Framework Architecture





Chapter 3

Security and Authentication

Before you install the SharePoint Integration Framework for the first time it is important to understand some basic security and authentication concepts. You must also perform some additional configuration steps in SharePoint and Sitecore.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Software Requirements
- Security and Authentication



3.1 Software Requirements

The SharePoint Integration Framework supports:

- Sitecore CMS 6.3-6.6 or Sitecore Intranet Portal 3.2 or later
- Windows SharePoint Services (WSS 3.0) or Microsoft Office SharePoint Server (MOSS) 2007
- SharePoint Server or SharePoint Foundation 2010
- Visual Studio 2010
- SQL Server 2010 or SQL Server Express 2010

To install the SharePoint Integration Framework, use the Sitecore Installation wizard. For more information about installation, see the *SharePoint Integration Framework Installation Guide* on the Sitecore Developers Network.



3.2 Security and Authentication

After you have installed the Sharepoint Integration Framework choose an authentication method and enable communication between Sitecore and SharePoint.

In page level integration, you continue to work directly with SharePoint lists so have continuous access to both the SharePoint server and the Sitecore server.

In item level integration, when you run the integration wizard or update items you have access to both Sitecore and SharePoint, otherwise you only work with Sitecore items.

Note

It is possible to set up page level Integration to use the system account to access SharePoint.

3.2.1 Sitecore and User Authentication

To allow a Sitecore website to communicate with a SharePoint server you must first understand how Sitecore and the SharePoint Integration Framework handles authentication and then configure the appropriate permissions in IIS and the sharepoint.config file.

Use the Sitecore security layer to control security and permissions in Sitecore.

For more information on configuring Sitecore security see the *Security Administrators Cookbook* on the Sitecore Developers Network.

Active Directory and Single Sign On

Single sign on means that you only need to enter your credentials once to access Sitecore and SharePoint lists. To enable single sign on in your Sitecore installation, use the Active Directory common authentication layer and the Active Directory Integration module.

Install the following components:

- The Sitecore Active Directory Module.
- The sample integration code.

Both of these components are available to download from the Sitecore Developers Network.

For more information about the Active Directory Module see the *Active Directory Module Administrators Guide* or *Active Directory Integration in Sitecore Intranet Portal* on the Sitecore Developers Network.

Note

To enable Windows authentication you must add the appropriate settings in IIS Manager. For more information on how to enable Windows authentication, see Configuring Impersonation and Delegation in Windows.

Page Level User Authentication

In page level integration, you work directly with SharePoint lists so must have access to both the SharePoint server and the Sitecore server.

There are several ways that the SharePoint Integration Framework sample controls authenticate users. The SharePoint Integration Object Model SpContext class handles authentication in the following ways:

- · Prompts a user for login credentials.
- Uses credentials stored in the sharepoint.config file.
- Uses credentials from the currently logged in user.



If there are no user credentials in the sharepoint.config file, then it uses the credentials of the currently logged in user by default. This handled in the API by the CredentialCache.DefaultNetworkCredentials class.

Item Level User Authentication

In item level integration, access to SharePoint is required to create or to update integration items. After integration, you work directly with Sitecore items.

The Item Provider uses the SpContext class to handle authentication. In the Sharepoint integration wizard enter a SharePoint URL and then choose one of the following methods of authentication:

- Use default credentials stored in the sharepoint.config file.
 OR
- Enter alternative login credentials.

Note

In the item Provider, it is not appropriate to use credentials from the currently logged in user.

Configuring Authentication in the SharePoint Config File

Use the sharepoint.config file to configure SharePoint user authentication credentials. You can find these settings in the sharepoint.config file under the <servers> node.

Advantages of using the sharepoint.config file:

- Effective if a customer needs to display the same information to all front end users
- Most convenient way to set credentials in the ItemProvider and the wizard
- Possible to store different credentials for different SharePoint sites

Path to the sharepoint.config file: website\app config\include\

Each server entity provides credential for a single SharePoint site. For example:

```
<server url="http://<sitename>" username="****" password="****" context="Provider" />
<server url="http://<sitename>" username="****" password="****" context="Any" />
<server url="http://<sitename>" username="****" password="****" context="Webcontrol" />
```

When you edit these settings, use the following parameters:

Parameters	Value
url	Provide a URL to a SharePoint site.
username	Provide a username to connect to Sharepoint. For example, admin or Sharepoint\admin.
password	Provide a password to connect to a SharePoint site.



Parameters	Value
context	Defines the context in which these credentials are used. Add one of these values:
	Provider – The credentials supplied only allow access to the Item Provider for item level integration.
	Webcontrol – The credentials supplied can only be used to retrieve information for web controls
	Any – The credentials supplied can be used for both the Item Provider and to render web controls.

3.2.2 SharePoint Security and Permissions

In the SharePoint Integration Framework we use Web services to connect to SharePoint lists. To allow integration of Sitecore and SharePoint content enable the following settings in SharePoint.

Allowing Sitecore Access to SharePoint Webs

In your SharePoint Foundation website, enable read rights so that Sitecore can access the appropriate webs and sub webs. If you do not have an appropriate SharePoint site to use, then create a new web or sub web and add a new permission level.

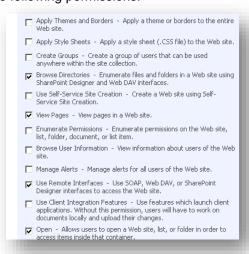
To add permissions to a Web in SharePoint Foundation:

- 1. In the top level of your SharePoint website, select **Site Actions**, **Site Settings**, **Advanced Permissions**, **Settings**, and **Permission Levels**.
- 2. In Permission Levels, click Add a Permission Level.





3. Enter a suitable name for your permission level, for example *My SIP Permissions* and select the following permissions.



- 4. Go back to **Permissions** and add a new **Group**. Give the group a name, such as *My SIP Group*.
- Select the newly created permissions level for this group. In this example, My SIP Permissions.
- 6. Add users to the new *My SIP Group*. For example, *NT AUTHORITY\authenticated users*. You can find these users automatically using Active Directory.

Configuration of Sitecore and SharePoint security is now complete.

3.2.3 Configuring Impersonation and Delegation in Windows

To configure page level integration to display SharePoint list data for the currently logged in user in IIS, you must enable ASP.NET Impersonation and Windows Authentication.

There are two possible scenarios:

- The SharePoint server is on the same computer as your Sitecore website enable impersonation.
- The SharePoint server and Sitecore Server are on different network computers enable both impersonation and delegation.

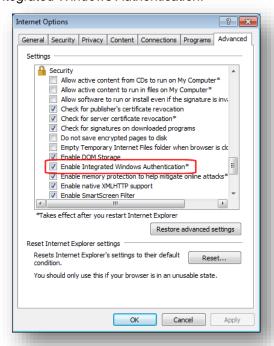
Configuring Internet Explorer

How to configure Internet Explorer on client computers:

 Use Internet Explorer to access your Sitecore CMS or SIP website. Always enter the computer name in the browser and not the IP address. For example, mycomputer.dk.sitecore.net.

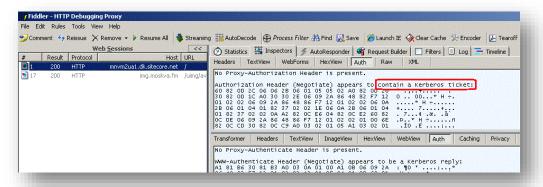


2. In the **Internet Options** dialog box, **Advanced** tab, select the **Security** option *Enable Integrated Windows Authentication*.



3. In Internet Explorer, **Internet Options**, add your Sitecore website to the *Local Intranet* or *Trusted sites* group.

If you implement these steps correctly, then Kerberos will authenticate both client and server. In Fiddler if you have the correct configuration you can see all the traffic on your website and the Kerberos authentication headers.



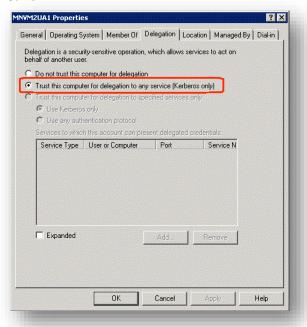
Configuring Active Directory

Your Sitecore CMS or SIP server must be trusted for delegation. To enable delegation in Active Directory:

- 1. Open Active Directory Users and Computers.
- 2. Navigate to your Sitecore server and open the **Properties** dialog box.



3. In the **Delegation** tab, select the *Trust this computer for delegation to any service (Kerberos only)* option.

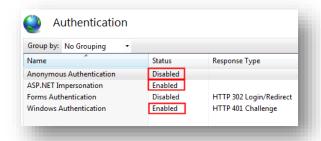


4. To save your changes and close this window click **OK**.

Configuring IIS

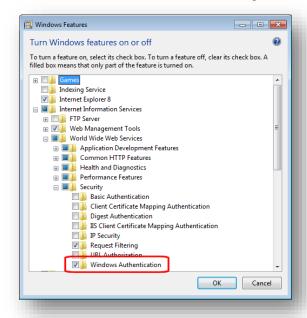
How to configure IIS for your SharePoint and Sitecore servers:

- 1. Open IIS Manager.
- 2. Select the website you want to configure.
- 3. Double click Authentication.
- 4. Set the following authentication settings:
 - Anonymous Authentication Disabled
 - Windows Authentication Enabled
 - ASP.NET Impersonation Enabled





If Windows Authentication is not visible in the list of available options, add it by selecting the check box in the **Windows Features** dialog box.



Note

Enabling ASP.NET Impersonation may affect server performance.

Ensure that the Sitecore CMS or SIP server supports Kerberos. This step is only necessary if the previous steps fail:

- 1. Click Start, click Run, type cmd, and then press ENTER.
- 2. Locate the directory that contains the *Adsutil.vbs* file. By default, this directory is *C:\netpub\Adminscripts*.
- Use the following command to retrieve the current values for the NTAuthenticationProviders metabase property:
 - cscript adsutil.vbs get w3svc/[WebSiteNumber]/root/NTAuthenticationProviders
- 4. The previous command must return:
 - NTAuthenticationProviders: (STRING) "Negotiate,NTLM"

Otherwise go to http://support.microsoft.com/kb/215383/en-us to solve the problem.

Additional SharePoint Server Configuration

 Configure the SharePoint server to handle requests to the same URL as the server fully qualified domain name (FQDN). To do this you need to register the SharePoint server service principal name (SPN) in the Active Directory service

To register the SharePoint SPN in the Active Directory service:

- a. First check that there is an appropriate mapping registered in Sharepoint.
- b. In Central Administration, click *System settings* and then configure alternate access mappings.
- c. In IIS check that the SharePoint site has a binding to port 80 for all hosts.
- 2. Use the Network service account to run the SharePoint Site Pool. You can use other user accounts but whichever account you use it must have access to Active Directory.



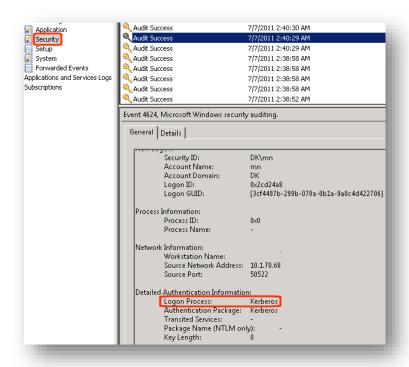
To add a Network Service account:

- a. In Central Administration, click Security, then click Configure Service Accounts
- b. Select Web Application Pool for your site.
- c. Select Network Service as an account for this component.
- 3. Make sure that you have configured the default authentication provider correctly.

To configure default authentication:

- a. In Central Administration, Security, click Authentication Providers and then click Default.
- b. Configure the following settings:
 - Authentication type = Windows
 - Anonymous access = disabled
 - IIS Authentication settings = Integrated Windows Authentication (Negotiate Kerberos)

When you have correctly configured the SharePoint server you can see the following entries in the Windows Security Log:



If you have configured the SharePoint server correctly the Logon Process = *Kerberos*.

Kerberos Authentication

For the Kerberos authentication ***credential delegation?*** to work, you must implement one of the two following options:

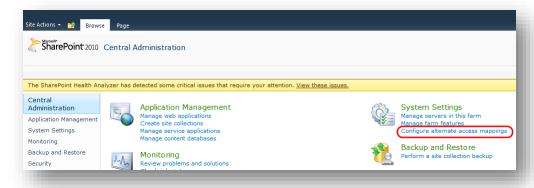
- 1. Configure the SharePoint server so that other applications access it using exactly the same URL as the server fully qualified domain name (FQDN).
- 2. If the previous option is not suitable for you, you must register the server service principal name (SPN) in the Active Directory service.



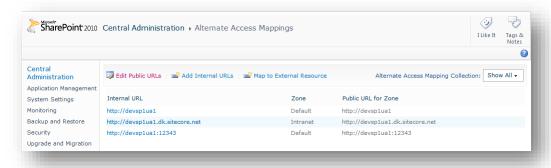
To use the first option, do the following:

1. Check that there is an appropriate mapping registered in SharePoint.

On the SharePoint server, select **Central Administration**, **System settings**, **Configure alternate access mappings**.



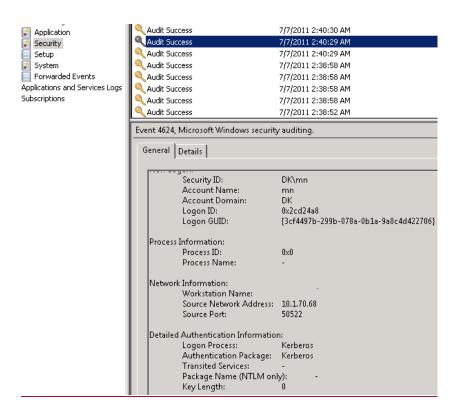
What to do here? Edit Public URLs?



- 2. Check that SharePoint site in IIS has binding to 80-th port for all hosts.
- Network service account should be used to run SharePoint Site Pool (you may also use other user but he must have access to AD). To check it:
 - a. Go to Central Administration->Security->Configure Service Accounts
 - b. Select Web Application Pool for your site
 - c. Select Network Service as an account for this component
- Make sure default authentication provider is configured properly. To check it:
 - d. Go to Central Administration->Security->Authentication Providers->Default
 - e. Set the following settings:
 - i. Authentication type: Windows
 - ii. Anonymous access: disabled
 - iii. IIS Authentication settings: Integrated Windows Authentication (Negotiate Kerberos)

If SharePoint server is set up correctly you should see the following entries in Windows Security Log:





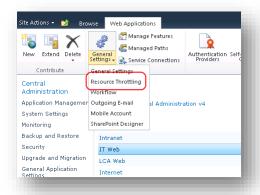
Pay attention to Logon Process – it must be Kerberos.

List View Threshold

List View Threshold is an option in SharePoint Server 2010 and SharePoint Server 2013 that enables to set limits on how users can load the server when working with large lists. It allows setting a limit for how many rows of data can be retrieved for a list or library at any one time.

To change List View Threshold and other resource throttling settings:

- 1. Navigate to Central Administration.
- 2. Go to Application Management Manage Web Applications.
- 3. Select the web application for which you want to change the LVT.



- 4. In the ribbon above, click General Settings and select Resource Throttling.
- 5. Change the LVT to another value and press OK.





Important

Increasing List View Threshold by large amount will increase the use of hardware resources on the server.

Note

List View Lookup Threshold is an option that limits the number of joins that a query can perform, namely the number of Lookup, Person/Group, or Workflow Status fields that are included in the query.



Chapter 4

Page Level Integration

This section provides an overview of page level integration. Page level integration enables you to embed SharePoint lists on a Sitecore website or Intranet using SharePoint Integration Framework sample controls. Sitecore provides several example sample controls with the SharePoint Integration Framework. This section provides instructions on how to configure and use these controls.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Components
- Using Sample Controls to Display SharePoint Lists
- Using SharePoint Search
- Configuring Sample Control Properties



4.1 Components

When you install the SharePoint Integration Framework, it adds some additional presentation components to your site:

- SharePoint Layout (SIP only)
- SharePoint Templates
- SharePoint Web controls

4.1.1 Layouts

If you are integrating SharePoint with a Sitecore Intranet Portal (SIP) site then you can use the Intranet Sharepoint sample layout or any other Sitecore layout for your sample controls. If you integrate with a Sitecore CMS you can use any layout. To locate the Intranet Sharepoint layout in the Sitecore content tree, navigate to: /sitecore/layout/Layouts

Layout Name	Description
Intranet Sharepoint (SIP only)	Sample layout for displaying SharePoint lists on a Sitecore content item using SharePoint sublayout controls. It includes a placeholder that you can use with the SharePoint Web Menu sublayout control to display sub webs in the left menu.

Note

The Intranet SharePoint Layout is included in the SharePoint Integration Framework installation for SIP. It is not included in the installation for Sitecore CMS.

4.1.2 SharePoint Web Template

To locate the SharePoint Web template in the Sitecore content tree, navigate to:

/sitecore/templates/Sharepoint/Page Level Integration/Sharepoint Web

Template Name	Description
SharepointWeb	Standard template to use with Sharepoint Integration sample controls. This template allows you to enter information about your source SharePoint site.

Note

You can also use other templates when you create Sitecore items to integrate with SharePoint. The advantage of using the SharePoint Web template is that you can enter information about the source Sharepoint site such as Server and Web without having to enter it on the properties of each sample control.

4.1.3 SharePoint Sample Controls

Use the sample controls to display SharePoint lists, such as document libraries, announcements, and tasks in real time on a Sitecore website or Intranet. All sample controls are sublayout .ascx files. Some of the controls also contain C# code behind files.

In the Content Editor, Presentation tab, use Layout Details to add controls to the presentation layer and to configure properties for each control.



Sample control categories:

- Multi List Generic grid control
 Use the SharepointList.ascx control to display any SharePoint list. This control is very
 versatile but quite complex and requires more advanced developer skills to customize.
- **Single List** Basic sample control
 Use this type of control to point to a specific SharePoint list. This category is easy to implement and customize but more limited. For example, *AnnouncementsList.ascx*.

To locate these controls in the Sitecore content tree, navigate to:

/sitecore/layout/Sublayouts/Sharepoint

The table below describes each control contained in the SharePoint sublayouts folder.

Sublayout Name	Description	Control Type
Sharepoint Announcements	Points to a single SharePoint announcements list. Can be placed anywhere on a site apart from the front page. This control can only display unexpired items.	Single List
Sharepoint List	Most versatile SharePoint control. Closely replicates SharePoint functionality, enabling you to display any kind of list, sort lists and display views. Customization requires more advanced developer skills.	Multi List
Sharepoint Search	Searches SharePoint using the SharePoint Search Web service.	Single List
Sharepoint Tasks	Points to a single SharePoint task list.	Single List
Sharepoint Web Menu (SIP only)	Displays a menu list control. Used to display SharePoint webs on the left hand side menu.	Single List
Announcements Web Part (SIP only)	Allows you to display announcements on the front page or home page of your SIP Intranet site.	Single List



4.2 Using Sample Controls to Display SharePoint Lists

Use the sample controls provided in this module to quickly and easily connect to SharePoint and display any list on your Sitecore website.

Note

The examples in this section use the Sitecore Intranet Portal.

Choose a suitable control depending on your business objectives and then in the Content Editor or Page Editor add the control to the presentation layer of an item.

Using the sample controls, there are three types of Sitecore item that you can integrate with SharePoint:

- Existing items this is the quickest and easiest approach. You can add a SharePoint control
 to any Sitecore item regardless of template or layout. You must specify a SharePoint server
 and web on the control.
- New items create a new content item based on the SharePoint Web template. Then add any SharePoint control to the item using Layout Details. Some sample controls also allow you to specify a SharePoint server and web.
- Wildcard items a more dynamic approach that allows you to display all content below a specific SharePoint web. Create a new wildcard item based on the SharePoint Web template. Then add SharePoint controls to the item using Layout Details.

The following sections outline each of these methods in more detail.

Note

The SharePoint Integration wizard offers more flexible ways of displaying SharePoint data in Sitecore. For more information see Chapter 5: Item Level Integration.

4.2.1 Displaying SharePoint Lists on an Existing Item

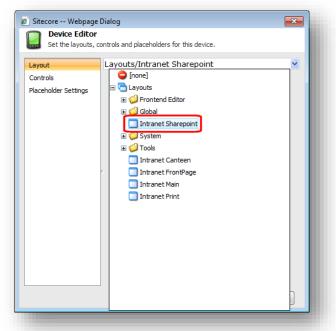
Choose a SharePoint Integration Framework sample control to add to an existing Sitecore content item. The SharePoint List control is the most flexible of the sample controls and most closely replicates SharePoint functionality.

To add a SharePoint List control to a content item:

- 1. In your Sitecore website or Intranet, open the Content Editor.
- 2. Select a suitable item in the content tree.
- 3. On the Sitecore ribbon, select the **Presentation** tab, **Layout** group and click **Details**.
- 4. In the Layout Details dialog box, select the Default layout and click Edit.

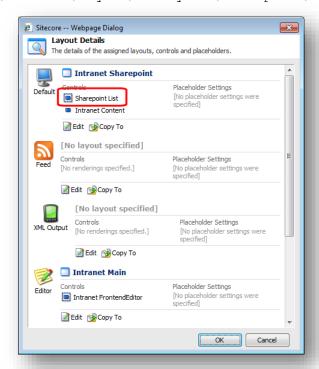


5. In **Layout**, select the *Intranet Sharepoint* layout:



6. In **Controls**, add a *SharePoint List* sublayout control:

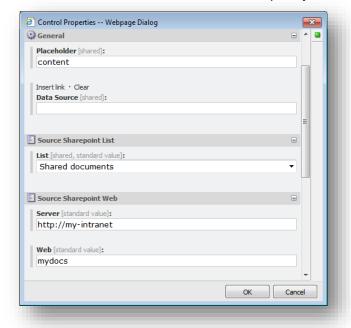
/sitecore/layout/Sublayouts/Sharepoint/Sharepoint List



- 7. Set the following properties on the control:
 - List = <Name of SharePoint List>, for example Shared documents.
 - Server = <Name of SharePoint Server>, for example http://my-intranet



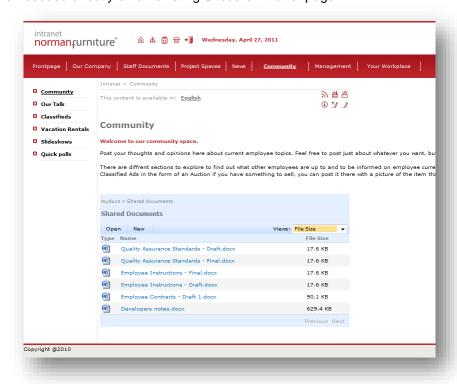
• Web = <Name of SharePoint Web>, for example mydocs.



Note

If the List field drop-down does not contain any options, then you can create new list definition items. For more information on creating list values, see Creating a List Value.

- 8. Save your changes.
- Preview the item in Sitecore or in a browser and view the SharePoint document library embedded directly on an existing Sitecore Intranet page.





4.2.2 Displaying SharePoint Lists on a New Item

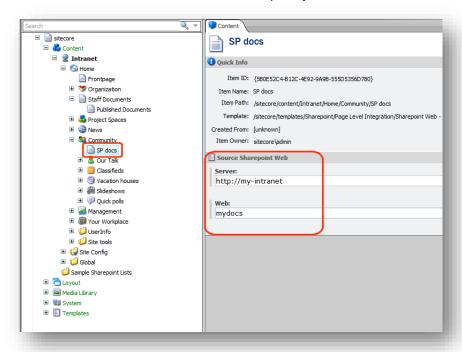
If you create a new content item based on the SharePoint Web template, you can use any of the sample controls to display SharePoint lists. In this example, create a new item under the *Community* page on the Norman Furniture SIP site.

To add a SharePoint List control to a new Sitecore content item:

- 1. In the Content Editor, select a suitable node in the content tree. Click Insert from Template.
- 2. Select the SharepointWeb template:

/sitecore/templates/Sharepoint/Page Level Integration/Sharepoint Web

- 3. Give the item a suitable name, such as SP docs.
- 4. Complete the Server and Web fields:
 - Server = <Name of SharePoint Server>, for example http://my-intranet
 - Web = <Name of SharePoint Web>, for example mydocs.



5. Save your changes.

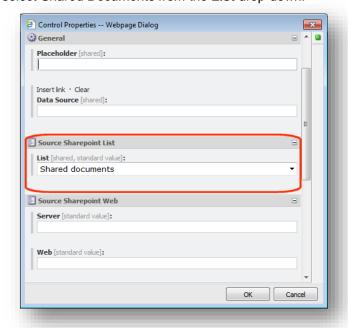
Next add a SharePoint List control and configure presentation:

- 1. Select the new content item you created.
- 2. In the **Device Editor**, click **Layout** and select the *Intranet Sharepoint* layout.
- 3. In **Controls**, add the *SharePoint List* control.

/sitecore/layout/Sublayouts/Sharepoint/Sharepoint List



4. With the *Sharepoint List* control selected, click **Edit**. In the **Control Properties** dialog box, select *Shared Documents* from the **List** drop-down.



Note

These settings apply to a SIP site. You may need to configure these settings differently if you are using a Sitecore CMS.

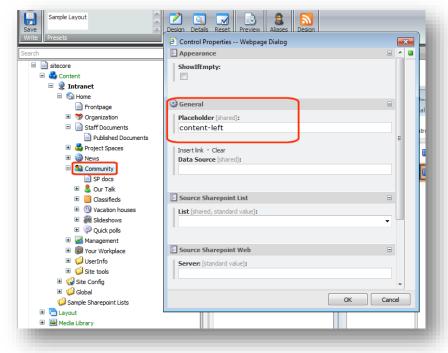
To display a SharePoint control on an item using an Intranet template you must change the layout from *Intranet main* to *Intranet Sharepoint* and add a *Sharepoint Web Menu* control.

Configuring the parent item:

- 1. Select the parent item (Community).
- 2. In the Layout Details dialog box, select the Default layout and click Edit.
- 3. In the **Device Editor**, click **Layout** and select the *Intranet Sharepoint* layout.
- 4. In Controls, add the SharePoint Web Menu control.

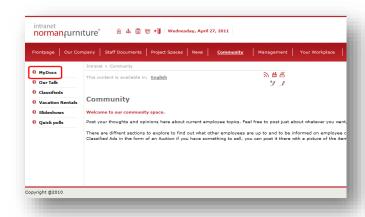


5. In the SharePoint Web Menu control, set the Placeholder property to content-left.



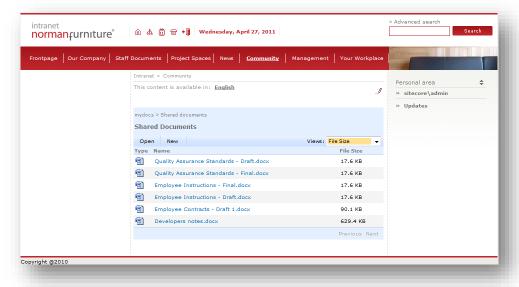
- 6. Save your changes.
- 7. Preview your new content item in Sitecore or open a new browser window.

 The SharePoint List control displays a link to you SharePoint item in the left navigation:





SharePoint document library displayed on a new Sitecore content item under the Community section of the Norman Furniture site:



Note

It is not always necessary to complete the Server and Website fields in the control. You can also specify these paths on the content item. However, you must always complete the List field in the Sharepoint List control.

4.2.3 Displaying SharePoint Lists using a Wildcard Item

Use a Sitecore wildcard item to display sub webs of a SharePoint Web.

A wildcard item is a special kind of Sitecore item used to display sub items below a specific content item, for example, to display products below a product category. If you use a wildcard item, it is not necessary to create separate items for each sub item. In this example, create a wildcard item under the *Community* page on the Norman Furniture SIP site.

You can add any type of sample control to a wildcard item. All sub items share the presentation that you specify on the wildcard item.

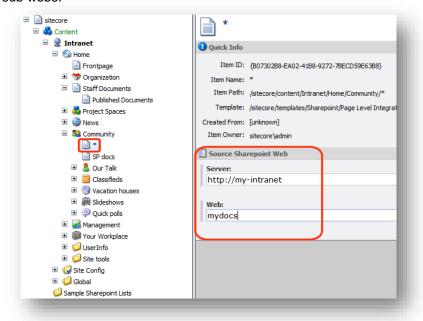
For more information about wildcard items, see *Reusing and Sharing Data* on the Sitecore Developers Network.

To add a SharePoint List control to a wildcard item:

- 1. In the Content Editor, create a new content item based on the SharepointWeb template.
- 2. Enter the asterisk symbol ("*") instead of an item name.
- 3. In the wildcard item, complete the Server and Web fields:
 - Server = <Name of SharePoint Server>, for example http://my-intranet
 - Web = <Name of SharePoint Web>, for example mydocs.



In the wildcard item, only complete the Web field if you want to point to a specific web and its sub webs.



This example points to a web called *mydocs* that has two sub webs called *my-sub-wiki* and *my-sub-site*.

Note

When you use a wildcard item, it is only necessary to complete the *Server* field. If you do not complete the *Web* field, by default the item takes this value from its parent. It then displays all webs and sub webs below the specified path.

5. Save your changes.

Add controls to the wildcard item and its parent and then configure presentation.

On the parent item add a Sharepoint Web Menu control:

- 1. Select the parent of the wildcard item (Community).
- 2. In the Layout Details dialog box, select the Default layout and click Edit.
- 3. In the **Device Editor**, click **Layout** and select the *Intranet Sharepoint* layout.
- 4. In **Controls**, add the *SharePoint Web Menu* control to display sub webs in the left menu.

/sitecore/layout/Sublayouts/Sharepoint/Sharepoint Web Menu

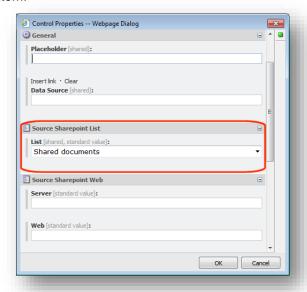
5. On the menu control, set the *Placeholder* property to *content-left*.

On the wildcard item add a Sharepoint List control:

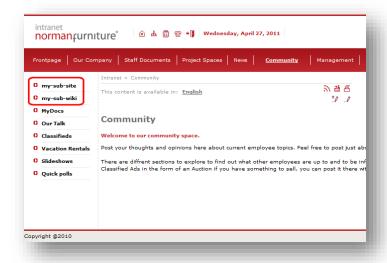
- 1. Select the wildcard item.
- 2. In **Controls**, add a *Sharepoint List* sublayout control.
- 3. In **Control Properties** select *Shared Documents from the List* drop-down.



There is no need to specify a website, or server on this control. This is set on the wildcard item.



4. Save your changes and preview the wildcard control in Sitecore or in a web browser. Sub sites displayed in left menu:

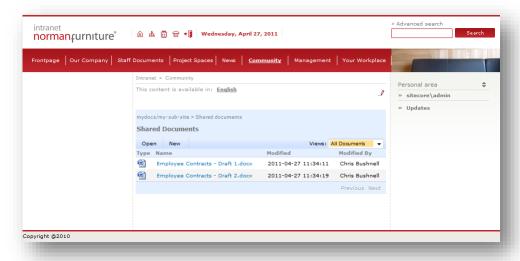


Note

The left hand side menu is generated dynamically using data from *SharePoint List* and the *Sharepoint Web Menu* sample controls.



My-sub-site displayed using a wildcard item:



Note

All pages generated from a wildcard item share the same design. For example, if you add a SharePoint Announcements sample control, you can display announcements for each list in the specified web. If there is no content to display, the controls are not visible. You can override this behavior using the *ShowlfEmpty* field in Control Properties.



4.3 Using SharePoint Search

The SharePoint Integration Search control enables you to search SharePoint lists or for items in lists from a Sitecore website. The SharePoint Integration Framework sample search control is an example of how you can implement SharePoint search. Use this control as a quick and easy way to implement SharePoint search functionality on your Sitecore website or Intranet.

You can add the sample search control to the presentation layer of any content item created with the Sharepoint Web template. Add this control to the presentation layer in the same way as any of the other sample controls.

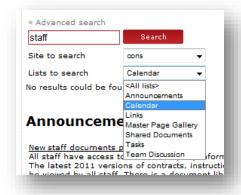
4.3.1 Standard Search

Standard search is the default view of the SharePoint Search control. You can enter a search term that is part of a list title and return a list SharePoint documents or list items.



4.3.2 Advanced Search

Advanced search enables you to make the focus of your search more specific. You can use two drop-down list controls to select a Sharepoint web, sub web or list.



4.3.3 SharePoint Search API Classes

You can find the SharePoint Search classes in the following location in the object model:

Sitecore.Sharepoint.ObjectModel\Search



There are three main search classes:

- Query
- SearchResult
- SearchResultCollection

4.3.4 Understanding the Search Control

Add a SharePoint Search control to any content item based on a Sharepoint Web template. The search control is a sublayout called <code>SharepointSearchControl.ascx</code>. Use the following path to locate it in the content tree:

/sitecore/layout/Sublayouts/Sharepoint/Sharepoint Search

An explanation of how the SharePoint Search sample control works.

- 1. When you enter a text string in the search box, the Query class encapsulates the parameters of the search request. For example, search text and any values selected in the advanced search drop-down controls.
- 2. The Query class encapsulates the ToSearchString method that converts the current search parameters to a format that the SharePoint Search Web service understands.
- 3. The Server object encapsulates the Search method and has a parameter called Query type. This represents the search parameters and it returns results of the type SearchResultCollection. This method converts the query and sends it to SharePoint as XML using the SharePoint Search Web service.
- 4. SharePoint applies its own search technology to the query and searches its SQL database.
- 5. When SharePoint finds some results, it sends them back to Sitecore as XML.
- 6. The SearchResult class represents one record of search results found. The SearchResultCollection class represents all records found as search results.
 - These classes parse the XML that SharePoint returns as search results and saves them as key value pairs.
- 7. The SharepointSearchControl.ascx sublayout formats the search results and embeds them in the Search control on your web site.

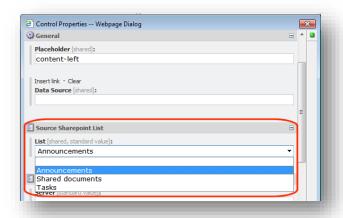


4.4 Configuring Sample Control Properties

In the Content Editor, you can configure more SharePoint Integration control property options. For example, you can customize the drop-down options that are available in the control properties dialog box.

The SharePoint List control can display any list. However, the available lists that Sitecore displays must first be configured using list values.

You can create new list values if you want to display a SharePoint list with a different name. In the following example, *MyList* does not appear in the drop-down list.



To add *MyList* to the drop-down options, create a new list item. If you also use the generic SharePoint List sublayout control you can point to any type of list in this way.

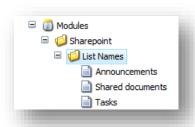
Note

If you create your own custom controls, you must also configure custom list items.

4.4.1 Creating a List Value

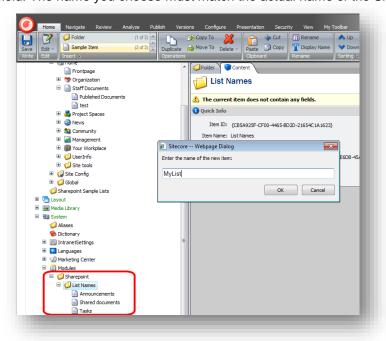
To create a new control list value:

1. In the Content Editor, navigate to the **List Names** definition item. /sitecore/system/Modules/Sharepoint/List Names



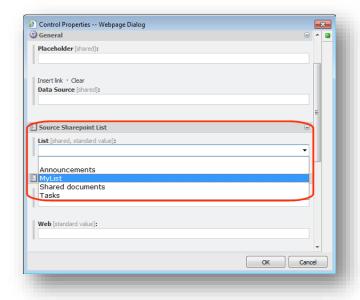


2. Create a new item based on the *Sample* template. Enter a name for your list item in the **Name** field. The name you choose must match the actual name of the Sharepoint list.



- 3. In the content tree, select a content item and add a SharePoint List control.
- 4. In **Layout Details**, open the **Control Properties** dialog box for this control. Enter a name in the **Website** field and a path in the **Server** field for the SharePoint site you want to display the control.

Notice that MyList now appears in the drop-down list of available options.





Chapter 5

Item Level Integration

Item level integration offers you more full featured SharePoint integration options. This section provides instructions on how to configure and map integration items using the SharePoint Integration wizard or by directly editing the XML in the SharePoint integration definition item.

This chapter includes:

- Overview
- Components
- Options and Settings
- Using the SharePoint Integration Wizard
- Editing the XML in a SharePoint Integration



5.1 Overview

Item level integration uses a wizard and the Item Provider class to integrate SharePoint lists with Sitecore in real time as common content items or as Media Library items. The SharePoint Integration wizard creates a bidirectional relationship between SharePoint and Sitecore. This means changes to SharePoint lists appear in Sitecore and changes to Sitecore integration items appear straight away in SharePoint. You can configure settings in the wizard to enable or disable this functionality.

The SharePoint Integration wizard enables you to create mappings between SharePoint lists and Sitecore items and then saves all configuration settings as XML to a field in the SharePoint integration definition item. The Item Provider class uses the XML configuration information to integrate SharePoint list data with Sitecore.

Item level integration enables you to work with SharePoint lists completely in Sitecore, a method suitable for publishing SharePoint content to a corporate extranet. In the Content Editor, you can view SharePoint lists in real-time and specify how often integrated content is updated.

Benefits of Item Level Integration:

- Integrate SharePoint and Sitecore content in real time.
- Store SharePoint lists in the content tree or the Media Library.
- The SharePoint Integration wizard simplifies configuration and field mappings.
- Set an expiration interval to update lists and optimize performance.
- Apply Sitecore functionality to SharePoint lists, such as publishing and workflow.
- Use scheduled BLOB transfer to import BLOBs data from SharePoint.



5.2 Components

This section includes an explanation of each of the components, options and settings available in item level integration.

5.2.1 SharePoint Integration Definition Item

To integrate SharePoint lists with the Sitecore content tree or the Media Library use the SharePoint Integration wizard to create a SharePoint integration definition item based on the *Sharepoint Integration Configuration* template. You can find the *Sharepoint Integration Configuration* template at the following location:

/sitecore/templates/Sharepoint/Item Level Integration/Sharepoint Integration Configuration

SharePoint integration definition items contain the following fields:

Field Name	Description
IsIntegrationItem	This field contains a check box. It is selected if the Sitecore item contains items integrated with SharePoint.
BidirectionalLink	Select this check box if you want updates to come from both SharePoint and Sitecore.
IntegrationConfigData	This field contains the XML field mappings and other configuration information needed to retrieve list data from SharePoint. Use the SharePoint Integration wizard to configure these settings. You must first enable raw values to display this data.
ScheduledBLOBTransfer	Select the check box in this field if you want to run a scheduled task to import SharePoint lists at a pre-defined time. Use the Tasks node in the Content Editor, content tree to configure a scheduled task.

5.2.2 The SharePoint Integration Wizard

Use the SharePoint Integration wizard to configure the following settings:

- Security
- Server
- Web
- List
- View
- Expiration Interval
- Scheduled BLOB Transfer
- Item limit
- Field Mappings. For example, title field, modified field, body field.

Once you have completed the wizard the SharePoint integration definition item contains your settings. In the wizard, you also have the option to save your settings to a new template.



5.3 Options and Settings

This section contains more detailed information about how to configure item level integration using the SharePoint Integration wizard.

5.3.1 Authentication

The item provider can handle SharePoint login credentials in two ways:

- Users can enter credentials in the fields provided in the wizard.
- You can specify user credentials in the sitecore.config file

If you enter invalid credentials you get an error message on the progress page of the wizard.

5.3.2 Creating SharePoint Integration Mappings

Use the wizard to create field mappings between SharePoint list items and Sitecore content items. The wizard saves mappings and other configuration settings as XML in the *IntegrationConfigData* field.

Example of some typical field mapping tags:

The Source tag refers to the SharePoint field that you want to map.

```
<Source>ows Body</Source>
```

The Target tag refers to the Sitecore field that you want to map the SharePoint field to.

```
<Target>Body</Target>
```

5.3.3 Performance Tuning

This section describes settings that enable you to fine tune the Item Provider for better performance.

Scheduled BLOB Transfer

If you want to import a very large list item, such as an image or video file stored as a BLOB in a SharePoint document library, then you can use a BLOB transfer schedule to download the file at a pre-defined time as a scheduled task.

Configure the task in Sitecore and schedule it to run at a quiet time when it is less likely to have a negative impact on performance. You can create a Sitecore package that contains pre-defined commands and scheduled items.

In the Content Editor, content tree use *Tasks* to create the scheduled task. There are two settings to configure:

- Commands
- Schedules

To activate a scheduled BLOB transfer, select the *Scheduled BLOB Transfer* check box in the SharePoint Integration wizard.

Note

You can only use functionality for updating BLOB document list items.



Expiration Interval

The expiration interval is the minimum amount of time between requests to the SharePoint server for updated list information. You define the expiration interval in seconds. For example, an expiration interval of 3600 seconds requests updates from the SharePoint server once an hour.

During the time between expiration intervals there are no requests to the SharePoint server to update the children of a root item unless you change an item and then save your changes.

For example, if you make a change to a Sitecore integration item this triggers an update to the corresponding SharePoint list.

This means that the connection to the server remains constant with only minimal interruptions to process updates. You can adjust the expiration interval to optimize performance.

Set the expiration interval using the SharePoint Integration wizard or by editing the XML in the *IntegrationConfigData* field.

5.3.4 Updating SharePoint Lists from Sitecore

After you have used the SharePoint Integration wizard to import SharePoint lists, you can update, edit and delete list items from Sitecore or SharePoint. The Item Provider creates a real time, bidirectional relationship.

For example, if you integrate an announcements list, you can edit the title and body text of the announcement in Sitecore and see the changes immediately in SharePoint. This is because when there is a <code>GetItem</code> call for a specific Sitecore item the update is immediate. All items contain some fields that it is not possible to update, such as <code>AssignedTo</code>, <code>Created</code> and <code>LinkTitle</code>.

Note

If you set the expiration interval too low, you may create a condition where SharePoint updates the item before you can save your changes. This makes it impossible to see recent changes reflected in the Sitecore item.

Important

The computed fields are computed in SharePoint and cannot be changed from Sitecore to the document.

In your integration item, if you want to create a new SharePoint item or list from Sitecore without recreating the integration item, there are two approaches you can take:

Item Level Integration - If you have used the SharePoint Integration wizard to create integration items you can create new items from Sitecore if the items are documents or items in a document library. In the Content Editor go to the SharePoint integration definition item you created using the wizard (this item must already map to a SharePoint document library). Insert an item from a template which contains a BLOB field. You can also add items to a SharePoint document library using the Sitecore Upload Files (Advanced) button.

Page Level Integration – The Sharepoint List and Document List sample controls have built in actions, such as *Open* and *New* that you can use to create a new item from Sitecore. If you click *New* this opens a SharePoint page where you can create the item. When you click *OK*, the item appears in both SharePoint and Sitecore.

Note

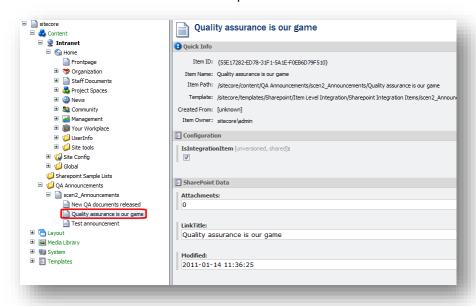
Although you can create any type of list item from SharePoint, it is not always possible to do the same from Sitecore. However, it may be possible to use the SharePoint Integration Framework API to extend this standard functionality.



5.3.5 Presentation Options

The Item Provider represents SharePoint list items of a specified list as content items or media items in the Sitecore content tree.

A SharePoint announcement list item represented in the Sitecore content tree:



This gives you more flexibility and a wide variety of presentation options. You can use any existing rendering or sublayout, if it is suitable or you can create your own custom controls.

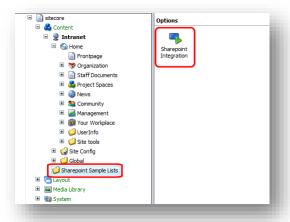
You can also use other Sitecore functionality, such as publishing, workflow and versioning to manage your integrated content.



5.4 Using the SharePoint Integration Wizard

To integrate a SharePoint list with Sitecore using the SharePoint Integration wizard:

- 1. In Sitecore, open the Content Editor.
- 2. In the content tree, select the *SharepointSampleLists* folder or create a folder of your own to store your integration items. Integration items have the flexibility to be stored anywhere in the content tree.



- 3. In Options, click Sharepoint Integration to launch the wizard.
- 4. **Create a SharePoint Integration Item** This optional introduction page explains the purpose of the wizard.





5. Connect to a SharePoint Site:

Configure connection details on this page.



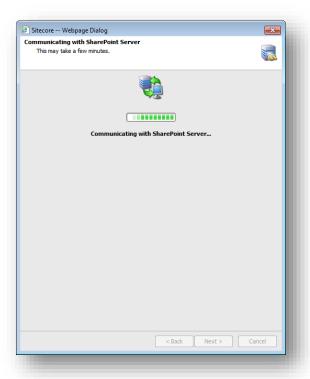
Enter the address of a SharePoint site or server in the field provided.
 Enter a URL in the following format:

http://server
http://server/web
http://server/web/subweb

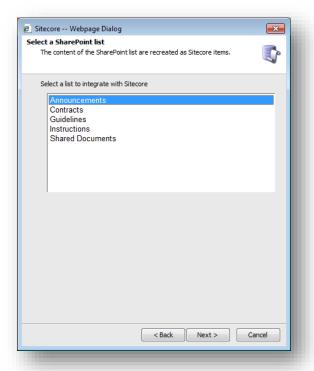
- The wizard searches in the sharepoint.config file for the URL and user credentials.
 If credentials can be found then move to the next page of the wizard. If the Wizard cannot find the URL or default user credentials then you see a message requesting alternative credentials.
- Click **Test** to test the connection to SharePoint.



6. **Waiting Page** – This page displays additional user information. For example, if user credentials or the SharePoint server cannot be found.

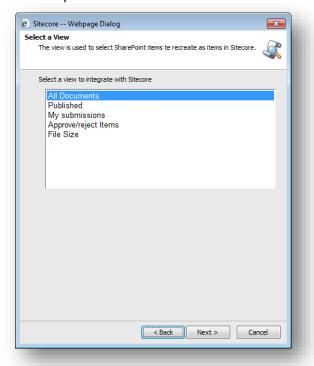


7. **Select a SharePoint List** – This page displays all the lists available in the specified web. Select which type of list you want to import. For example, **Announcements**.





8. **Select a View** – Select a SharePoint view to integrate. This reduces the number of fields you need to map between SharePoint and Sitecore and defines which list items to display.



Selecting a view enables you to display list items that contain columns with clauses, such as where by or conditions such as Approval Status = Approved.

9. **Integration Mapping Templates** - Configure mappings between your specified SharePoint list and Sitecore.





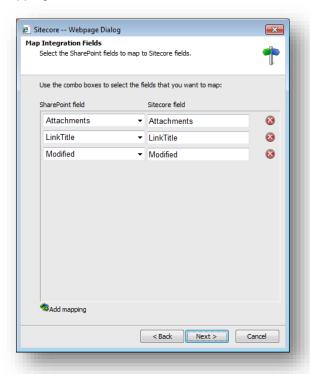
You have two options:

- Create a new mapping template Specify which fields you want to include in a new mapping template.
- Use existing mapping template If you select this option, the wizard displays existing templates containing SharePoint mappings. Select the mapping template you want to use. The wizard displays a preview of the mapping. You can edit the selected mapping in the next step.

Note

If you use an existing mapping template and add or update any Sitecore field in the next step Sitecore creates a new template.

 Map Integration Fields - This page shows all available field mappings in the SharePoint list and the corresponding Sitecore fields. You can also use this page to add or remove mappings.



If you select an existing mapping template, you also get the option to edit mappings.

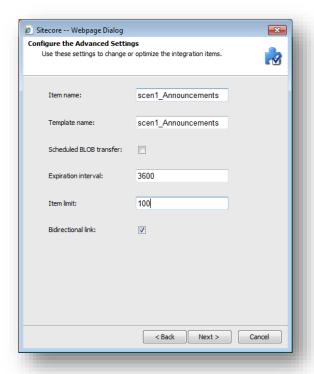
An existing mapping template already contains specific field mappings and so does not display every field available in SharePoint.

- 11. Configure the Advanced Settings you can add the following settings:
 - Item Name Enter an item name.
 - **Template Name** Enter a template name.
 - Scheduled BLOB Transfer Specify a time to import items from SharePoint. Select or clear the check box. For example, if you want to integrate a large image or movie BLOB file, it may be more efficient to import this file at a specific time to reduce the effect on performance.
 - Expiration Interval Real-time connection remains but updates from SharePoint only occur periodically. For example, if you enter 3600 seconds as the expiration interval, the



real-time connection remains and updates come from SharePoint every hour or if you specifically request an item.

Setting an expiration interval helps the Item Provider to work more efficiently and means that the SharePoint server does not have to deal with constant update requests.



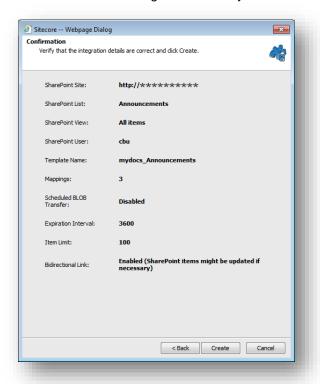
- **Item Limit** Set an item limit. The default value = 100. Setting an item limit = 0 means that all SharePoint items for the selected list are integrated.
- Bidirectional Specify whether the integration item should copy changes from both Sitecore and SharePoint to the mapped fields or only from SharePoint to Sitecore.
 - Enabled = copy changes from both Sitecore and SharePoint to the mapped fields
 - Disabled = only copy changes from SharePoint to Sitecore.

The default value is Enabled.

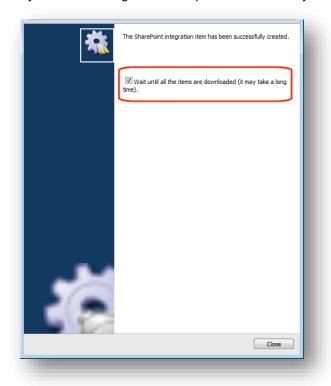


12. Confirmation

Review all the wizard integration details you have configured and click Create.



13. The final page of the wizard gives you the option to wait until you have downloaded all items that you want to integrate. This option is selected by default.





5.5 Editing the XML in a SharePoint Integration Definition Item

Mappings are XML nodes that contain information about the SharePoint lists you want to integrate, such as server, web, list, view, expiration interval plus the specific SharePoint and Sitecore fields you want to map.

The SharePoint Integration wizard provides you with a simple interface to create integration mappings. If you want to edit the XML directly, this section describes the purpose of each node and provides some examples.

A complete extract of the XML code in the *IntegrationConfigData* field:

```
<IntegrationConfigData>
<Server>http://my-intranet</Server>
<Web>/mydocs</Web>
 <List>Shared Documents</List>
<View>{B952EC0B-6E5F-4B32-9389-6521B215DAEC}
 <ItemLimit>100</ItemLimit>
 <ExpirationInterval>3600</ExpirationInterval>
<TemplateID>{276AEF08-F80A-4810-82F1-8F22F7964FB8</TemplateID>
 <FieldMappings>
  <FieldMapping>
  <Source>ows Editor</Source>
   <Target>Editor</Target>
  </FieldMapping>
  <FieldMapping>
   <Source>ows Modified</Source>
  <Target>Modified</Target>
  </FieldMapping>
  <FieldMapping>
   <Source>ows LinkFilename</Source>
   <Target>LinkFilename</Target>
  </FieldMapping>
  <FieldMapping>
   <Source>ows DocIcon</Source>
   <Target>DocIcon</Target>
  </FieldMapping>
</FieldMappings>
</IntegrationConfigData>
```

To see the full XML structure in the root item created by the SharePoint Integration wizard first enable raw values in the Content Editor. Any user credentials contained in the XML are encrypted.

We do not recommend that you duplicate integration items but as an alternative to using the wizard, you can also create Sitecore integration items programmatically using the API.

Example code to create a SharePoint integration definition item programmatically:

```
private void CreateIntegrationItem()
         using (new SecurityDisabler())
           string rootItemPath = "/sitecore/content/Sample Sharepoint Lists"; // Specify your
own root item path.
           var master = Factory.GetDatabase("master");
           Item rootItem = master.GetItem(rootItemPath);
           // Provide valid server name and list name.
           // Template ID will be replaced later, so you can just use ID.NewID here.
           var configData = new IntegrationConfigData("http://yourservername", "MyList",
Sitecore.Data.ID.NewID.ToString())
             BidirectionalLink = true,
             ExpirationInterval = 3600,
             Web = "/myWebName",
             ItemLimit = 100,
             ScheduledBlobTransfer = false, // or 'true' for async BLOB transfer.
             View = "{59ade12c-dc93-4d53-85ff-e74daa8650c3}" // You should get this View ID
from SP server.
```



```
configData.SetCredentials("SPUserName", "SPUserPassword"); // Provide valid
credentials
            // Add custom field mappings, and do not forget to check which prefix your SP uses
for internal field representation:
           configData.FieldMappings.Add(new IntegrationConfigData.FieldMapping("ows Field1",
"Field1"));
           configData.FieldMappings.Add(new IntegrationConfigData.FieldMapping("ows Field2",
"Field2"));
           // etc.
           // Create a template:
           Item templatesRootItem = master.GetItem(TemplateIDs.IntegrationItemTemplatesRoot);
           TemplateItem template = master.Templates.CreateTemplate("MyListTemplate",
templatesRootItem); // You may specify any template name here.
           TemplateSectionItem section = template.AddSection("SharePoint Data"); // Hardcoded
name, please do not change.
           foreach (var mapping in configData.FieldMappings)
             section.AddField(mapping.Target);
           using (new EditContext(template.InnerItem))
             template.InnerItem[Sitecore.FieldIDs.BaseTemplate] =
TemplateIDs.IntegrationBase.ToString();
           configData.TemplateID = template.ID.ToString(); // Here we set the real
TemplateID, substituting fake ID.NewID.
           var listItem = rootItem.Add("MyList", new
TemplateID(TemplateIDs.IntegrationConfig)); // You may specify any convenient list name here.
           IntegrationConfigDataProvider.SaveToItem(configData, listItem);
           using (new EditContext(listItem))
             listItem.Fields[FieldIDs.IsIntegrationItem].Value = "1";
           ProcessIntegrationItemsOptions defaultOptions =
ProcessIntegrationItemsOptions.DefaultOptions;
           defaultOptions.Recursive = true;
           defaultOptions.AsyncIntegration = false; // or 'true' for scheduled
synchronization.
           SharepointProvider.ProcessTree(listItem, defaultOptions);
       }
```

Note

Duplication of a SharePoint integration definition item is not good practice so we do not recommend it. It is possible to duplicate a single integration definition item but not if the item has sub items. Also, if the definition item contains user credentials duplication will not work.

XML Nodes	Description and Example Parameters
<server></server>	URL of SharePoint server to integrate with: <pre></pre>
<web></web>	Name of SharePoint site to integrate: <web>/mydocs</web>
<list></list>	Name of SharePoint List to integrate: <list>Announcements</list>
<view></view>	GUID of SharePoint view. <pre><view>{B952EC0B-6E5F-4B32-9389-6521B215DAEC}</view></pre>
<itemlimit></itemlimit>	Set an item limit. <pre></pre>
<expirationinterval></expirationinterval>	Interval between updates from the SharePoint server, set in seconds: <pre> <expirationinterval>100</expirationinterval> </pre>



XML Nodes	Description and Example Parameters
<templateid></templateid>	GUID of the Sitecore template to use with integrated SharePoint list items: <templateid>{E24D5DB7-F665-435B-AC8D-79D65B38403A}</templateid>
<fieldmappings></fieldmappings>	You can specify multiple field mappings between SharePoint and Sitecore items inside the <fieldmappings> node: <fieldmappings></fieldmappings></fieldmappings>
<fieldmapping></fieldmapping>	Each <fieldmapping> node specifies a single SharePoint field mapped to a single Sitecore field: <fieldmapping></fieldmapping></fieldmapping>
<source/>	This specifies the name of the source SharePoint list item field: <pre><source/>ows_Title</pre>
<target></target>	This specifies the name of the target Sitecore item field: <pre></pre>

Note

Use Notepad or another text editor to edit the XML file and then paste it back into the *IntegrationConfigData* field and click Save.



Chapter 6

Integration Scenarios

This section contains scenarios that demonstrate different approaches to implementing the SharePoint Integration Framework with the Sitecore Intranet Portal (SIP) in a typical business context.

This chapter contains the following scenarios:

- Page Level Integration on a Sitecore Intranet
- Item Level Integration on a Sitecore Extranet



6.1 Page Level Integration on a Sitecore Intranet

Use the SharePoint Integration Framework to add sample controls to a SIP website.

About these Walkthroughs

The walkthroughs in this section demonstrate how to:

- Implement an Announcements List control
- Implement a SharePoint List control
- Implement a SharePoint Web Menu control and Sitecore wildcard item

Story

A facilities management organization has a small group of staff who use MOSS to maintain a large number of documents. The documents are typically guidelines and instructions. Draft and final versions of the documents are stored in a SharePoint document library. When a document becomes final they would like it to publish it to the company Intranet.

The same organization also has several SharePoint document libraries containing other documents such as contracts. They would like to use SharePoint to store these documents and make them available to staff on the company Intranet. They would also like to be able to post announcements on the Intranet informing staff of any news related to the publication of company documents.

Personas

Jane - SharePoint Editor/Contributor

Jane is responsible for creating and editing multiple Word documents stored in several SharePoint document libraries. Documents can be in two possible states; draft or final. If a document is in its final state, Jane uses SharePoint workflow to review and publish the document to the company Intranet. Once she has approved a document for publication it automatically appears in the *Published* view of the SharePoint document library.

Peter - Sitecore/SharePoint Developer

Peter is the company .NET developer. He is an experienced Sitecore C# developer and knows the fundamentals of MOSS. He must implement an integration solution that allows Jane to achieve all her objectives.

Prerequisites

You need the following to complete this walkthrough:

- A SharePoint Server
- Webs One or more SharePoint websites
- An Announcements list with sample announcements.
- One or more document libraries For example, Guidelines, Instructions and Contracts
- · Sample draft and final Word documents

6.1.1 Implementing an Announcements List Control

Introduction

Jane wants to be able to post announcements related to newly published staff documents. She asks Peter (SharePoint developer) to make it possible to display announcements for guidelines and instructions on the staff Intranet.



In the SharePoint Integration Framework, the Announcement List and Task List controls are the simplest category of sample controls to implement. In this task, Peter uses the Announcements List control to display staff announcements related to published documents on the company Intranet site.

Creating a Sitecore Site Section and Sub Section

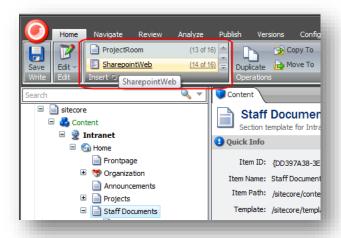
Peter must first create a new Intranet site section and a sub section to display the SharePoint lists.

To create a site section:

- 1. Open the Content Editor and in the content tree select **Home**.
- 2. On the ribbon, click the **Home** tab. In the **Insert** group, select the *Intranet.Section* template and name the new site section *Staff Documents*.
- Enter Staff Documents in the Title field and Guidelines, Instructions and Documents in the Headline field.
- 4. On the Sitecore ribbon, select the **Presentation** tab, **Layout** group and click **Details**.
- 5. In the Layout Details dialog box, select the Default layout and click Edit.
- 6. In Layout, select the Intranet Sharepoint layout.
- 7. In **Controls**, add a *Sharepoint Web Menu* control.
- 8. Select the *Sharepoint Web Menu* control and click **Edit**. In the **Control Properties** dialog box, add a *content-left* placeholder.
- 9. On the ribbon, click **Save** to save your changes.

To create a sub section:

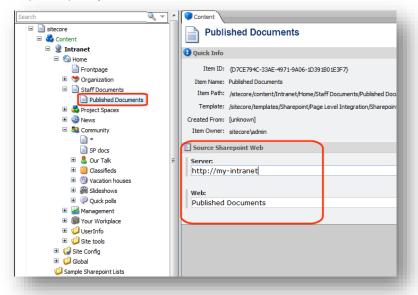
1. Select *Staff Documents*. Create a new content item from the *Sharepoint Web* template. In the **Insert** group, click *Sharepoint Web*.



- 2. Name the sub section Published Documents.
- 3. In the **Web** field of the new item, enter *Published Documents* as the name of the SharePoint website. This must be the actual name of your SharePoint Web not the display name.



 In the Server field, enter the URL of the SharePoint server you want to connect to. For example, http://my-intranet

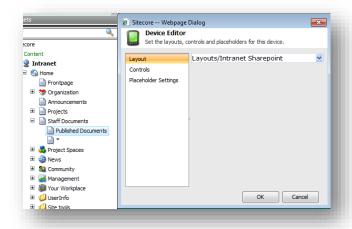


Adding the Announcements List Control

To display SharePoint announcement lists on the *Published Documents* item, Peter must add a control to the layout details. In Layout Details, he uses the *Intranet Sharepoint* layout, and then adds the *Announcements List* control to the presentation layer.

To add an Announcements List control:

- 1. In the Content Editor, content tree select the Published Documents content item.
- 2. On the ribbon, click the **Presentation** tab.
- 3. Click **Details** to open the **Layout Details** dialog box.
- 4. In the Layout Details dialog box, under Default layout details click Edit.
- 5. In Layout, select the Intranet SharePoint Layout.

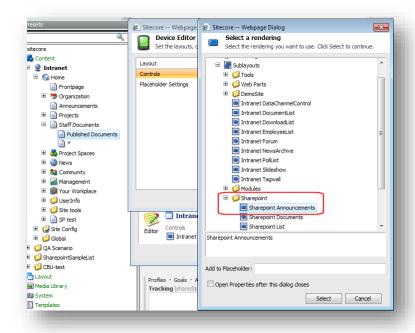


6. In **Controls**, add the *Sharepoint Announcements* list sublayout control. In the **Device Editor** dialog box, select **Controls** and click **Add**.



Use the following path to locate the correct sublayout:

Sublayouts/Sharepoint/Sharepoint Announcements



To save your changes, click **OK** and then click **OK** again in all open presentation dialogs.
 On the ribbon, click **Save**.

Configuring the Announcements List Control

After Peter has added the Announcements List control he must configure the control properties.

To configure the Announcements List control properties:

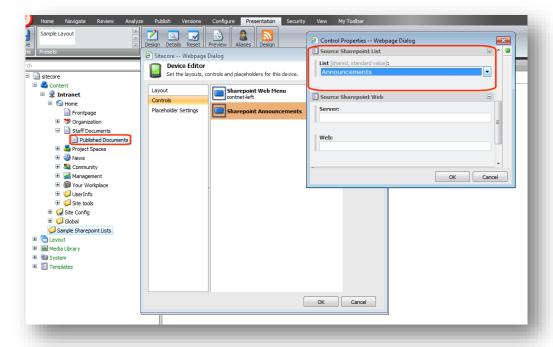
- 1. In the **Layout Details** dialog box, select the *Sharepoint Announcements* list control and then click **Edit**.
- 2. In the **Control Properties** window, **Sharepoint** group, you can select the following properties:

Property	Setting
List	<name list="" of="" sharepoint=""></name>
Server	<http: server="" sharepoint=""></http:>
Web	<name of="" sharepoint="" web=""></name>

In the **List** field, select *Announcements*. If the list you want to add does not appear in the drop-down then add it to the available list names. For more information about how to define



list items, see Creating a List Value.

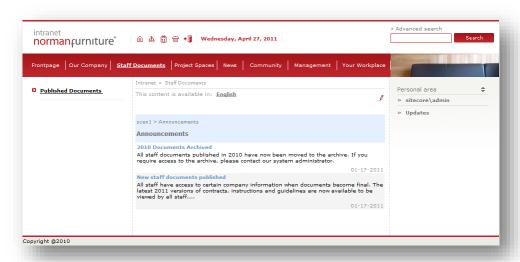


When you use the *Announcements List* control with the *Sharepoint Web* template, enter the *Website* and *Server* details on the item and not in properties.

- Specify a placeholder setting to define where you want the control to appear. In the Placeholder field enter content.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. On the ribbon, click **Save** to save the changes you made to this item.

Previewing the Announcements List Control

When Peter has completed all the steps in this task, he can preview the announcements sample control in Sitecore preview mode or in a web browser.



It is now possible to see two announcements from SharePoint on the company Intranet page.



6.1.2 Implementing a SharePoint List Control

Introduction

Jane asks Peter to make the final versions of documents available on the company Intranet. To do this Peter decides to create a new SharePoint view for published documents and a new site section on the company Intranet called *Published Documents* where staff can access the final versions.

First he must create a new view in each SharePoint document library for final versions of documents. He will call the new view *Published*. He can then make the documents available to staff on the company Intranet using the Sharepoint List control.

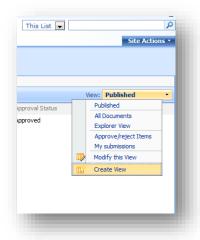
The SharePoint List control is the most complex but the most flexible control because you can use it to display any type of list.

Creating a SharePoint View

Peter first creates a *Published* view to display final versions of Word documents and decides to use SharePoint workflow to move documents from a draft to final state.

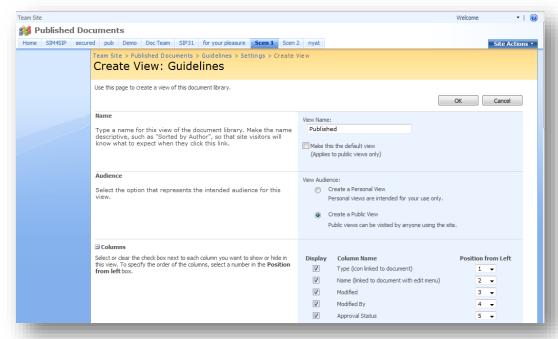
To create a new SharePoint view:

- 1. In your SharePoint web, select the *Guidelines* document library.
- 2. In the View menu, select Create View.





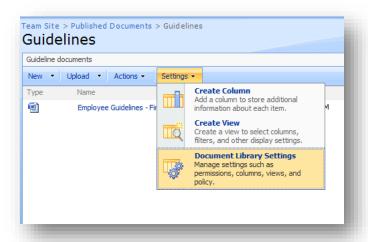
3. In Create View, select Standard View and enter the name Published.



4. Click OK.

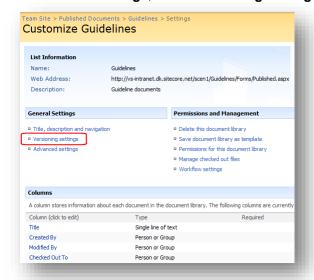
To activate versioning and workflow:

- 1. In the Guidelines document library, select Settings.
- 2. Then select Document Library Settings

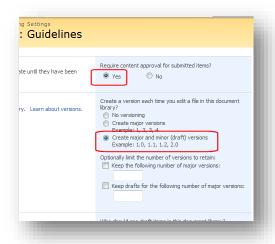




3. Under General Settings, select Versioning Settings.



- 4. In **Versioning Settings**, under **Content Approval**, select *Require content approval for submitted items*.
- 5. Under **Document Version History**, select *Create major and minor (draft) versions*.



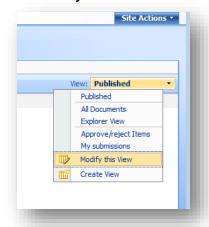
6. Click OK.

Peter creates a filter on the *Published* view so that only documents approved as *final* in the workflow appear in the *Published* view.

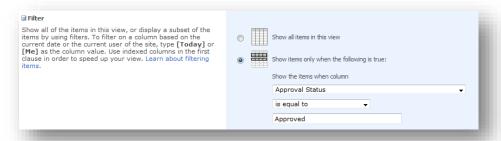
1. In the *Guidelines* document library, select the **Published** view.



2. Select Modify this View.

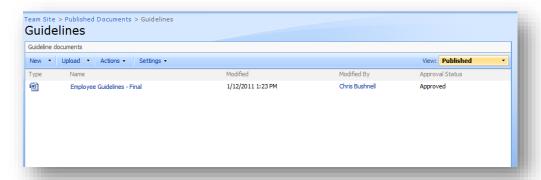


3. In the Filter panel, create the following filter rule: When Approval Status is equal to Approved.



4. Click OK.

Now when you select the *Published* view in SharePoint, only final versions of the Word documents are visible.



Follow the same steps for each SharePoint document library that you want to publish.

Adding Drop-Down List Items to Control Properties

Before adding a control to display his list, Peter notices that in Control Properties, only *Shared Documents* appears by default in the drop-down list. He wants to be able to select document libraries with other names, such as *Guidelines, Instructions* and *Contracts*. To do this he knows that he must first create new drop-down list items for each document library.

For instructions on how to create a new list value items, see Creating a List Value.

Repeat the same steps for each document library that you want to add.



Adding a Sharepoint List Control

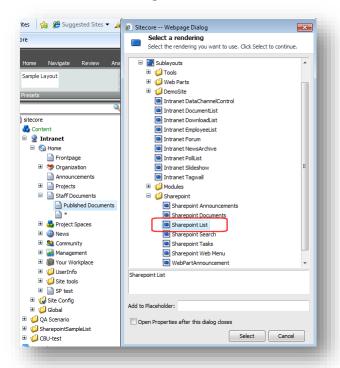
Peter is ready to add sample controls to the *Published Documents* section to display the following SharePoint document libraries:

- Guidelines
- Instructions
- Contracts

To do this, he decides to use the Sharepoint List sample control.

To add a Sharepoint List control:

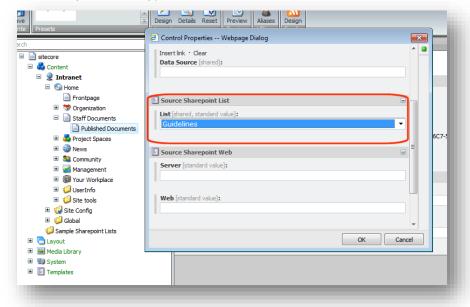
- 1. In the content tree, select the *Published Documents* site section you created earlier.
- 2. On the ribbon, click the **Presentation** tab, then in the **Layout** group click **Details**.
- 3. In the Layout Details dialog box, under Default layout details click Edit.
- 4. In the **Device Editor** dialog box, select **Controls** and click **Add**.
- 5. In the Select a Rendering window, select the SharePoint List sublayout and click OK.



6. In the **Device Editor** dialog box, select the *SharePoint List* control and click **Edit**.



7. In the **Properties** window, select the *Guidelines* document library (one of the list items you added in the previous step).



- 8. Specify a placeholder setting to define where you want the control to appear. Enter *content* in the **Placeholder** field.
- 9. Click **OK** and then click **OK** again to close all open presentation dialogs.

Follow the same steps for the *Instructions* and *Contracts* document libraries. Add a new *Sharepoint List* control for each document library you want to add.

Previewing the Sharepoint List Control and Selecting Views

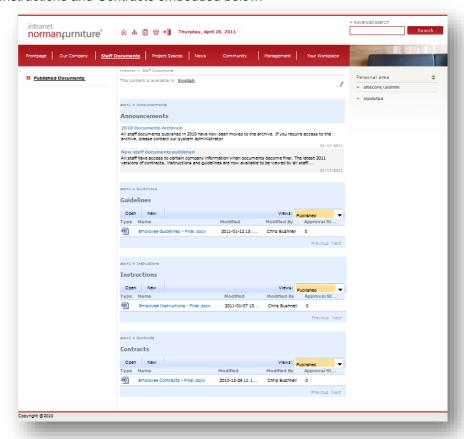
Peter is now ready to preview the new *Published Documents* site section. This section uses three *Sharepoint List* controls and one *Announcements List* control

To preview the Sharepoint List control and select a view:

- 1. Open your Intranet site in a new browser window.
- 2. Navigate to the Staff Documents site section.



The control displays all announcements at the top of the page and the document libraries *Guidelines*, *Instructions* and *Contracts* embedded below.



3. To change document library views, click the **Views** drop-down control and select a different SharePoint view.



Note

In this scenario, Published is the default view in SharePoint so it is also the default view in Sitecore. Change the default view in SharePoint.



6.1.3 Implementing a Wildcard Item and SharePoint Web Menu Control

Introduction

Jane asks Peter to create sub sites in SharePoint for each team working with guidelines, instructions and contracts. They will use these sites to organize and plan their work schedules. She also wants the sub sites to be accessible on the staff Intranet.

To implement this Peter first creates three sub webs in SharePoint below the *Published Documents* web. He knows that in Sitecore, if he uses a wildcard item he can dynamically display the three sub webs on the staff Intranet site.

He will add a Sharepoint List controls to display team announcements and calendars and a SharePoint Web Menu control to display sub webs in the left navigation.

Note

In Sitecore, wildcard items use an asterisk ("*") instead of an item name and they automatically find sub items or children.

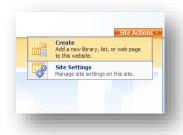
Creating SharePoint Sub Webs

Peter starts by creating the following three sub webs in SharePoint:

- Guidelines team
- Instructions team
- Contracts team

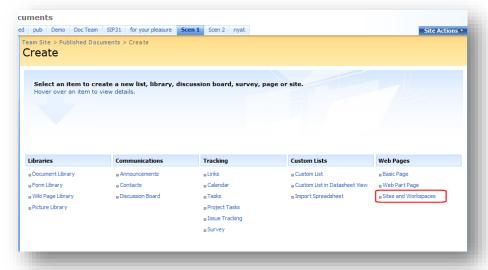
To create SharePoint sub webs:

- 1. Select the top level web called Published Documents.
- 2. Click **Site Actions** and then click **Create**.



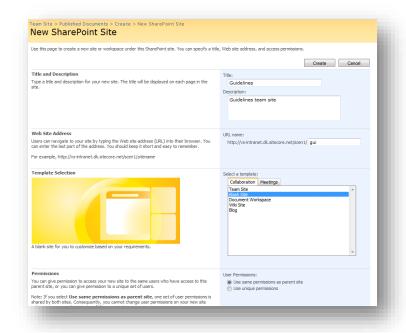


3. In Create, under Web Pages click Sites and Workspaces.



4. In New SharePoint Site, enter the following details in the fields provided.

Field Name	Value
Title	Guidelines
Description	Guidelines team site
URL Name	gui
Select a Template	Blank Site

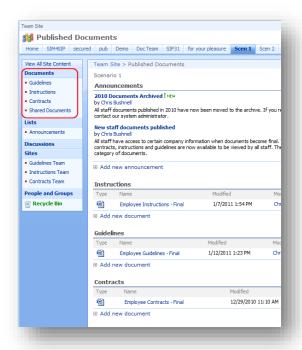


Leave all other fields with their default values.

5. Click OK.



6. Peter can now see that each sub web is visible in the left menu of the *Published Documents* SharePoint site:



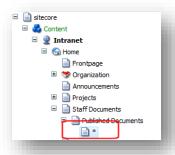
Follow the same procedure for each sub web that you want to add. To finish this example, also create sub webs for Instructions and Contracts.

Creating a Wildcard Item

Peter knows that a wildcard item dynamically allows him to display any sub webs below any SharePoint Web. He decides to use a wildcard item to display his three new SharePoint sub webs.

To create a wildcard item:

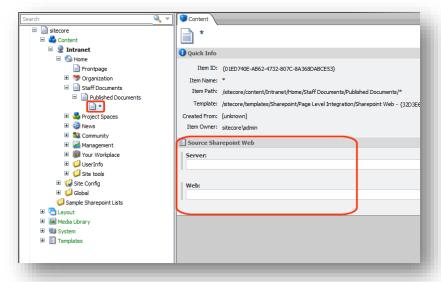
- 1. Specify a Web item. In the Content Editor, content tree, select Published Documents.
- 2. Under this item, create a Sitecore item in the usual way using the Sharepoint Web template.
- 3. Instead of providing a name for the item, enter an asterisk ("*") in the field provided.



4. Click OK.



5. Leave the Server and Web fields blank.

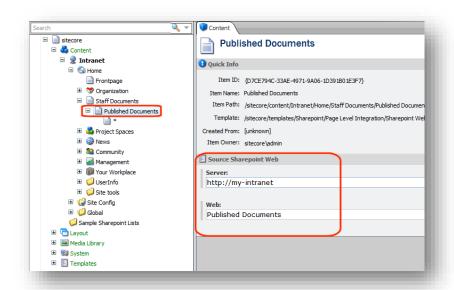


Note

It is not always necessary to complete the Server field of a wildcard item if the parent item already contains a value. The wildcard item will retrieve the Server field value from parent item.

6. In the parent Web item (Published Documents), enter the following values:

Field	Value
Web	Published Documents (path to SharePoint Web)
Server	http://my-intranetsite (name of SharePoint server)



This ensures that you point to the correct SharePoint Web.

7. On the ribbon, click Save.

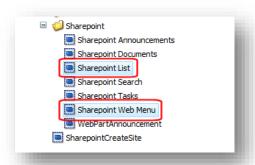


Adding Sample Controls

Peter wants to add two different sample controls to the wildcard item. He decides to use the *Sharepoint Web Menu* control and the *Sharepoint List* control.

To add sample controls:

- 1. In the content tree, select the wildcard item.
- 2. On the ribbon, click the **Presentation** tab, then in the **Layout** group click **Details**.
- 3. In the **Device Editor** dialog box, select **Controls** and click **Add**.
- 4. In the **Select a Rendering** window, add two sublayout controls:
 - SharePoint Web Menu
 - Sharepoint List



5. Click **OK** to save your changes and to close the Device Editor dialog box.

Note

To ensure that you display all sub webs in the page navigation also add a *Sharepoint Web Menu* control to the parent item (Published Documents).

Configuring Sample Controls

Peter has added two controls to the wildcard item.

In the Sharepoint Web Menu control, he must specify where he wants to display the web menu. In the Sharepoint List control he must specify lists to display and a placeholder. Jane wants each team site to have the following lists available:

- Announcements
- Shared Documents

To configure the sample controls:

- 1. In the Sitecore content tree, select the wildcard item.
- 2. Open the **Device Editor** and select the *Sharepoint Web Menu* control that you added in the previous step. Click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Properties** window, enter *content-left* in the **Placeholder** field.

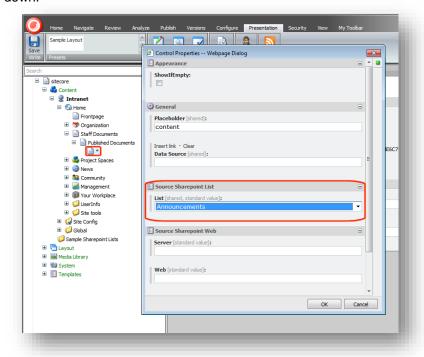
This ensures that sub webs appear in the left navigation menu.

Leave all other properties blank.

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Select the Sharepoint List control, click Edit.



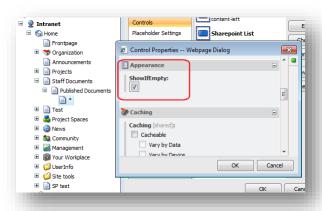
6. In the **Properties** window, **Sharepoint** section, select *Announcements* from the **List** drop-down.



- 7. Specify a placeholder setting to define where you want the control to appear. Enter *content* in the **Placeholder** field.
- 8. Click **OK** to save your changes and **OK** in all other presentation windows.

Add a new Sharepoint List control for each SharePoint list that you want to display:

- Announcements
- Shared Documents
- 9. Each team sub site has a Shared Documents library. Each library is empty, so Peter selects the *Show if Empty* check box control property on each library, so that staff can see that there is a document library available to them.



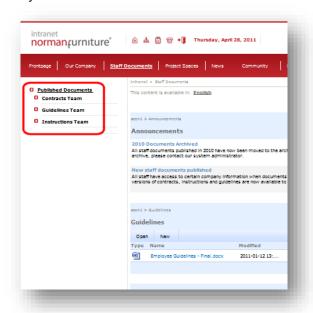


Previewing Sub Webs and Controls

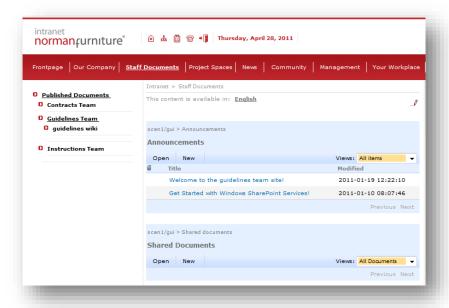
Peter wants to check that each sub web and control displays correctly on the staff Intranet site.

To preview sub webs and controls:

- 1. Open your Intranet site in a new browser window.
- 2. Navigate to the Published Documents site section.
- 3. Four sub site links appear in the left menu navigation. These links use the *Sharepoint Web Menu* control. The content in the body of the page comes from the Sharepoint List controls that you added.



4. Click one of the links, for example Guidelines Team.



The three lists displayed use the *Sharepoint List* control to retrieve list data from SharePoint. This control can display any type of SharePoint list, depending on which type of list you select in the control properties *List* drop down.



6.2 Item Level Integration on a Sitecore Extranet

The following scenario demonstrates how to implement the SharePoint Integration Framework using the SharePoint Integration wizard and a Sitecore extranet website.

About these Walkthroughs

The walkthroughs in this section demonstrate how to:

- Map SharePoint announcements to the Sitecore content tree.
- Map SharePoint document libraries to the Sitecore Media Library.

Story

A quality assurance company serves among other clients the European financial services industry and automotive industry. Standards and rules are changing at a high rate and changes must appear in the documentation immediately. They want to make changes available to customers right away.

The company authors its own documents internally and stores them in several SharePoint document libraries. They also have a company extranet powered by Sitecore. When the documents are final they want to publish them on the customer portal extranet web site.

Personas

Miriam - SharePoint Editor/Contributor

Miriam creates and updates Word documents and stores them in several SharePoint document libraries. She has created document libraries for product testing, improvement plans, and review processes. She wants to make some of these documents available to customers on the company extranet.

Johan – Sitecore developer

Johan has many years of experience working with Sitecore but is not so familiar with SharePoint. The company extranet uses Sitecore, so he wants to utilize the power of Sitecore to manage integration items natively.

Aims

Use the SharePoint Integration wizard to import documents and lists from SharePoint to Sitecore. Once the required lists are in the Sitecore content tree use functionality such as publishing, versioning and workflow to manage the items. Publish content to the customer portal using appropriate presentation options.

This task makes SharePoint documents available as Sitecore items as soon as they are ready and means that any changes made to a document appears on the website straight away.

Prerequisites

You need the following to complete this walkthrough:

- A SharePoint server
- Webs One or more SharePoint websites
- · One or more announcements lists
- One or more document libraries
- · Sample draft and final Word documents



6.2.1 Integrating SharePoint Announcements with the Sitecore Content Tree

Introduction

Miriam asks Johan if he can find a way for her to publish announcements related to the release of documents straight to the customer portal extranet site. Johan knows that if he uses the SharePoint Integration wizard he can work with SharePoint list content directly in Sitecore. This will give him more control over the presentation of the announcements.

Johan decides to use the SharePoint Integration wizard to map SharePoint announcements to Sitecore. He will then publish the announcements to the customer portal extranet.

Creating a SharePoint Integration Definition Item in Sitecore

To map announcements to Sitecore, Johan knows that he must first create a SharePoint Integration definition item in Sitecore using the SharePoint Integration wizard.

To create a SharePoint Integration definition item:

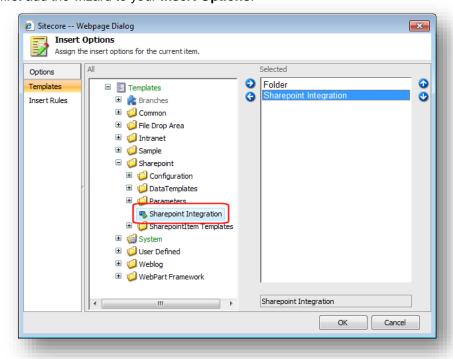
1. In Sitecore, open the Content Editor. In the content tree, select the *Content* node and create a new folder to store your integration items.



Enter a name for the folder, for example *QA Announcements*. This folder will contain the Sharepoint definition items. Integration items appear as sub items of the Sharepoint definition item.



2. To use the Sharepoint Integration wizard to create a SharePoint Integration definition item, first add the wizard to your **Insert Options**.

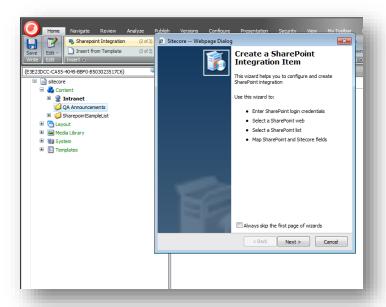


Using the Wizard to Map SharePoint Announcements

Johan uses the Sharepoint Integration wizard to configure integration items. This makes it easy for him to map fields and configure other settings without the need to edit XML.

To use the wizard to map SharePoint announcements:

- 1. In the content tree, select the QA Announcements content item.
- On the ribbon, Home tab, click Sharepoint Integration to open the Sharepoint Integration wizard.



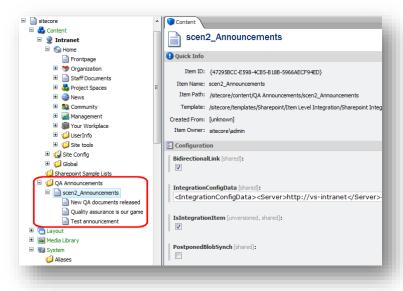


- In the Connect to a SharePoint Site page, provide connection details and enter a SharePoint URL.
 - Enter the URL to a SharePoint server.
 - Enter your SharePoint server credentials in the sharepoint.config file or in the Credentials for Sharepoint server fields in the wizard. If you have added default credentials to the sharepoint.config file the wizard will find these automatically.
- 4. In the Select a SharePoint List page of the wizard select the Announcements list.
- 5. In the **Select a SharePoint View** page, select a view. For example, *All Items*.
- 6. In the **Integration Mapping Template**, either use an existing mapping template or create a new template to save your own mappings.

Map SharePoint fields with similar or equivalent Sitecore fields. An example XML field mapping that maps the SharePoint body field with the Sitecore body field.

- 7. In the **Map Integration Fields** page check that you have the correct SharePoint fields mapped to the correct Sitecore fields. You can also add and remove mappings.
- Configure Advanced Settings, for example set an expiration interval and select scheduled BLOB transfer, if appropriate.
 - Set the expiration interval to 100 seconds.
- 9. In the **Confirmation** page, check your settings and click **Create**.

When you have completed all the pages in the wizard, the SharePoint list items that you integrated appear straight away as content items in the content tree under the node you specified. In this example, they appear under the *scen2_Announcements* Sharepoint integration definition item.



Configuring Presentation

Item level integration allows you to integrate SharePoint list items with Sitecore without the need to use special SharePoint controls to display content on your website or Intranet. Each list item that you integrate appears as a separate content item in Sitecore.

Some presentation options include:

 Use standard Sitecore renderings and sublayouts - For example, you can display announcement text using the Sample rendering control.



 Create custom renderings or sublayouts - You can create your own custom control to display documents that come from a SharePoint document library.

Configuring Other Sitecore Options

Configure Sitecore workflow, publishing or versioning on your integration items. For example, you could integrate all document library content with Sitecore and then use Sitecore workflow rather than SharePoint workflow to handle the publication of documents to the extranet.

Previewing Integration Items on an Extranet

To preview integration Items on an extranet:

• In the Content Editor, on the ribbon, click **Publish** and then click **Preview** to view the content that you have integrated with Sitecore.

OR

• Open a new browser window and navigate to your extranet site.

6.2.2 Integrating SharePoint Document Libraries with the Sitecore Media Library

Introduction

Miriam asks Johan if he can find a way for her to publish final versions of QA Word documents to the customer portal extranet site. Johan wants to use item level integration again but this time decides to integrate the SharePoint document libraries with a Media Library folder. He thinks that the functionality available in the Media Library is more suitable for SharePoint document libraries than the Sitecore content tree.

Johan uses the Sharepoint Integration wizard to map a SharePoint document library to Sitecore. He then uses Sitecore to publish the Word documents on the customer portal extranet.

SharePoint Prerequisites

In SharePoint create the following quality assurance document libraries:

- Standards
- Testing
- Improvement
- Review

Upload sample Word documents to each document library.

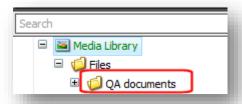


Using the Wizard to Integrate a SharePoint Document Library

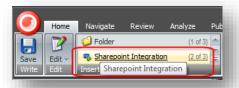
Johan uses the SharePoint Integration wizard to map the Word documents for each of Miriam's document libraries to the Sitecore Media Library.

To use the SharePoint Integration wizard to integrate a SharePoint Document Library:

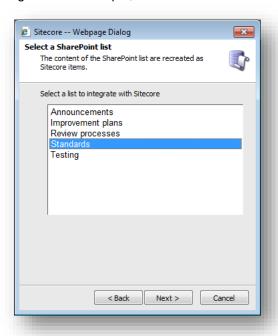
1. Select a suitable node in the Media Library content tree and create a new folder for your integration items. Name the folder *QA documents*.



- 2. In the Media Library, select the QA Documents media content item.
- 3. Open the SharePoint Integration wizard.



- 4. In the **Connect to a SharePoint Site** page, provide user credentials and enter a SharePoint URL.
- 5. In the **Select a SharePoint List** page of the wizard select a document library that you want to integrate. For example, *Standards*.



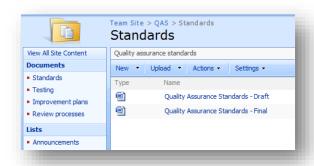
6. In the **Select a SharePoint View** page, select a view. For example, *All Documents*.



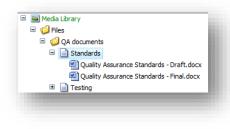
- 7. In the **Integration Mapping Template**, either use an existing mapping template or create your own mappings.
- 8. In the **Map Integration Fields** page, check the default mappings. Accept the default mappings or you can add or remove more fields.
- Configure Advanced Settings, for example set an expiration interval and select scheduled BLOB transfer, if appropriate.
- 10. Click Create.

The list items that you mapped now appear in the Media Library content tree under the SharePoint integration definition item you created.

SharePoint Document Library (Source)



Sitecore Media Library (Destination)



Configuring Presentation

Having more experience with Sitecore than SharePoint, Johan knows that once he has integrated SharePoint lists with Sitecore he has more control over presentation and other options. He can use standard Sitecore controls or use the API to create his own custom controls.

Configuring Other Sitecore Options

Configure Sitecore workflow, publishing or versioning on your integration items. Johan decides to use Sitecore publishing and workflow to manage the QA documents and publish them to the staff extranet.

Previewing Integration Items on an Extranet

When Johan has finished using the SharePoint Integration Framework to integrate the QA document libraries, he wants to preview them on the staff extranet site.

To preview integration items on an extranet:

- 1. Open a web browser and enter the URL of your extranet site.
- 2. Navigate to the section of your site that displays your SharePoint content.

For more information about the SharePoint Integration wizard and how to edit the XML file directly, see Chapter 5: Item Level Integration.